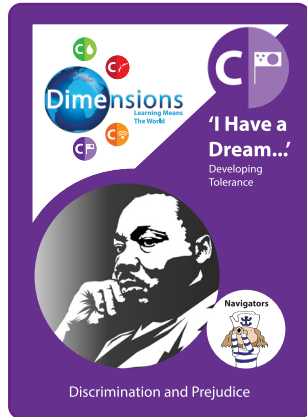
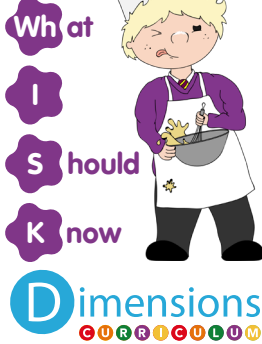


Navigators - "I Have a Dream..."



Overview

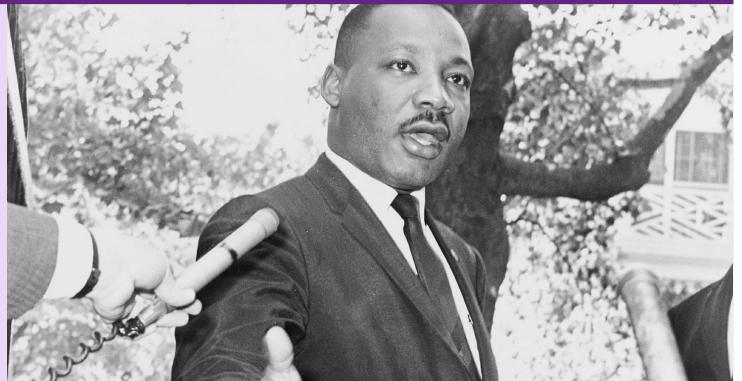
"I Have a Dream..." is a thematic unit, based on issues of discrimination, particularly apartheid and anti-semitism, with a key subject focus on history. We will learn about the factors that contribute towards discrimination and why different groups have been stereotyped and, as a result, persecuted and badly treated.

Apartheid

This was a system for keeping white people and non-white people separated. In South Africa, apartheid lasted from 1948 to 1994. The word means 'apartness' in South African. It affected every area of life. Black children went to separate schools to white children, black people were kept separate on the buses, in parks and public areas. America had already imposed similar laws that legalised racial segregation from 1877. They called them the 'Jim Crow Laws'. 'Jim Crow' was a derisive slang term for a black man and these laws were upheld particularly in the southern states.

Martin Luther King

Martin Luther King was a famous black American who campaigned for fair and equal treatment for all people. He wanted to end racial discrimination. Until Malala Yousafzai, Martin Luther King was the youngest person to receive the Nobel Peace Prize for his efforts. He delivered a famous speech, entitled 'I Have a Dream...'. He was shot and killed at the age of 39.



Nelson Mandela

Nelson Mandela campaigned for equality for all people in South Africa. He also won the Nobel Peace Prize for his efforts. Mandela was put in prison for 27 years for his beliefs, as he fought against the government's apartheid laws. He became the first black president in 1994, voted for by both black and white people. He died in 2013 at the age of 95.



Anti-Semitism

Anti-semitism is prejudice or hatred toward Jews. The most well-known act of anti-semitism was called 'The Holocaust' when Adolf Hitler ordered the killing of six million Jews in Europe.

Rosa Parks

Rosa Parks was a black woman who lived in America under the 'Jim Crows Laws'. Life for her was very difficult. She was kept separate from white people. She tried to make a stand against the injustice and so, one day, on her way home on a bus, Rosa refused to give up her seat and so she was arrested.

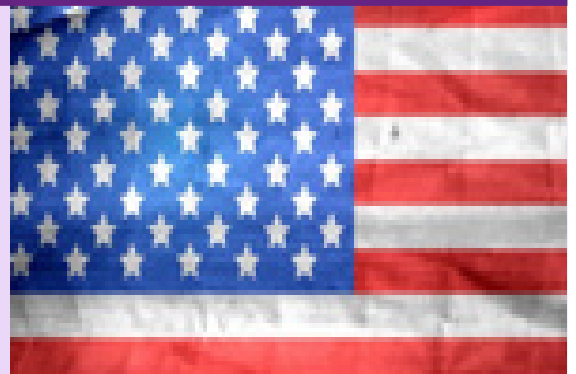
Navigators - "I Have a Dream..."

Vocabulary

Anti-Semitism	discrimination against Jews
Apartheid	was the system of racial inequality, segregation and discrimination in South Africa
Discrimination	when someone is treated unfairly or differently
Diversity	an understanding that each individual is unique and recognising individual differences
Inferior	not as good as someone or something else
Injustice	a lack of fairness in a situation
Prejudice	preconceived opinion that is not based on reason or actual experience
Race	one of the major groups which human beings can be divided into, according to their physical features, such as the colour of their skin
Segregation	the separation or isolation of a race, class or ethnic group
Stereotype	a fixed idea that people have about what someone or something is like
Supremacy	the quality or state of having more power, authority or status than anyone else
Tolerance	willingness to accept behaviour and beliefs that are different from your own

Concept Flow

- To learn the definition of apartheid
- To know about the Jim Crow Laws and how they affected black people
- To learn about Martin Luther King and the impact he had on society
- To become familiar with Nelson Mandela's role in the anti-apartheid movement in South Africa
- To know about and understand other forms of discrimination e.g. anti-semitism



My Notes / Questions