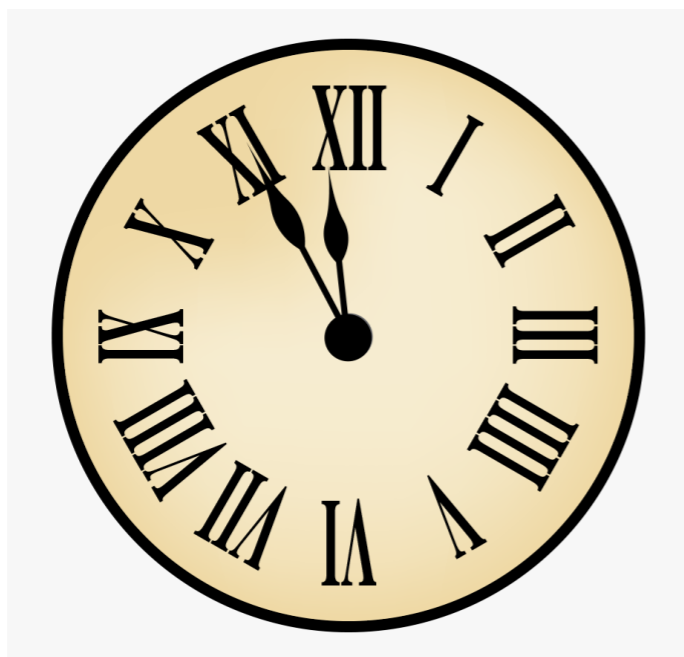


Happy Tuesday everybody!
Here is our **Maths** lesson!

This week's Maths lesson has a link to our last topic
Invaders & Traders.

If you can, please Tweet your work or
email your school's email address.



I II III
IV V VI
VII VIII IX
X XI XII

Do you know what these
symbols are called?
What do they mean?
Why do we use them?

I II III
IV V VI
VII VIII IX
X XI XII

These are Roman numerals and they are a number system that the Romans introduced about 2500 years ago.

The letters represent different numbers and they are used on some analogue clocks and are used to show dates (for example, at the end of films and TV shows).

The Roman numeral system relies on additions and subtractions to create other numbers.



26.05.20

LO To identify Roman numerals.

I II III
IV V VI
VII VIII IX
X XI XII

Numbers	Roman Numerals
1	I
2	II
3	III
4	IV
5	V
6	VI
7	VII
8	VIII
9	IX
10	X
11	XI
12	XII
13	XIII
14	XIV
15	XV
16	XVI
17	XVII
18	XVIII
19	XIX
20	XX

We will be focusing on the numbers up to 20.

They use a combination of 3 letters.

I = 1 (counting in 1's)

V = 5

X = 10

Some numbers are written with more than one letter. The order that the letters are written in are very important. When the number is on the right, we add.

VII

The V is 5, and each I is 1

$V + I + I$

$5 + 1 + 1 = 7$

When the number is on the left, we subtract.

IV

The V is 5, and I is 1

V - I

5 - 1 = 4



When the number is on the right, we add.
When the number is on the left, we subtract.

XII

The X is 10, and I is 1

$X + I + I$

$10 + 1 + 1 = 12$



When the number is on the right, we add.
When the number is on the left, we subtract.

IX

The X is 10, and I is 1

X - I

$$10 - 1 = 9$$

LO To identify Roman numerals.

You can print off your work or copy out the given numbers.

e.g.

VI = 6

I II III
IV V VI
VII VIII IX
X XI XII



When the number is on the right, we add.

When the number is on the left, we subtract.

I = 1

V = 5

X = 10

Activity 2 - write the Roman numerals

Green/Yellow

8 =

Eleven =

1 =

Six =

Ten =

5 =

Blue/Red/Orange

15 =

Nine =

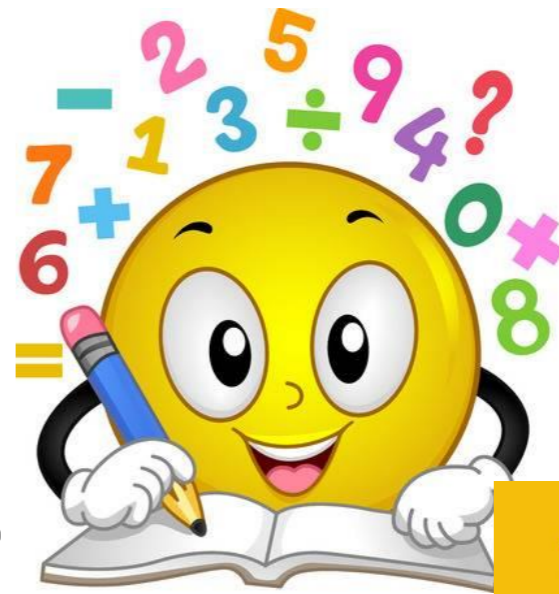
4 =

Eighteen =

Twenty =

3 =

Well done today!
Roman numerals can be
tricky!



Don't forget to email or tweet your
work to us - we are enjoying seeing all
your fantastic learning!

Please label your tweets or emails as
Year 3 so the Year 3 staff see them!



@elstonhallsch elstonhallprimaryschool@wolverhampton.gov.uk

@palmerscrosssch

palmerscrossprimaryschool@wolverhampton.gov.uk

@edwardeldersch

edwardtheelderprimaryschool@wolverhampton.gov.uk

@GoldthornPark

Office@Goldthornpark.co.uk

We miss you ! from: Mrs BC, Miss Ringland, Miss Callaghan (Elston)
Mrs Dudley (Palmers), Mrs Turner (Edwards), Miss Sharma and Mr Holmes
(Goldthorn)